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Novel Chiral Dopants from Optically Active 2.4-Pentanediol

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A variety of chiral dopants from optically active 2.4-pentanediol (A) were prepared.

The temperature coefficient of induced cholesteric pitch of these materials (dP/dT) was measured to show that dP/dT depended on substituent group X. When X = Cl, compound (A) shows a short induced helical pitch and dP/dT = 0. Acetoxy and methoxy derivatives show negative dP/dT. Furthermore, when X = OH, compound (A) shows positive dP/dT.

Keywords: chiral dopant, optically active 2.4-pentanediol, helical pitch

INTRODUCTION

It is well known that the temperature coefficient of an induced cholesteric pitch can be controlled by the blending of chiral dopants having right handed and left handed twist,¹ but it is difficult to obtain a LC mixture having a short induced helical pitch.

The temperature coefficient is also controlled by adding a chiral dopant having negative or positive dP/dT with the same twist.² We have prepared some chiral dopant (A) from optically active 2.4-pentanediol, and investigated dP/dT of these compounds (A). We report the relationship between dP/dT and the chemical structures of these compounds (A) (Scheme I).

As shown in Tables I and II, the relationship between the temperature coefficient

TPP
$$OH + HO - CN$$
 $OH + HO - CN$
 $OH + HO$

TABLE I

Chemical structures of chiral dopant

No	Chemical Structures			
1	но			
2	CI TO CN			
3	CI - CN			
4	сн₃о т т о-С>-си			
5	CH3CO ₹ ₹ O - CN			
6	CH3CO. ₹ 0 - CN			

TABLE II Induced cholesteric pitch and configuration

No	X	Y	P ₃₀	P ₆₀ /P ₃₀
1	R.S	R	17.4	1.11
2	S.S	R	7.4	1.00
3	R.R	L	7.8	1.02
4	R.S	R	26.0	0.90
5	R.S	R	36.0	0.98
6	S.S	R	30.2	0.75
S-811	S	L	11.4	1.04

X: Absolute configuration. Y: Twist sense.

and substituent groups of compound (A) are as follows: OH > 0, Cl = 0, CH_3 and $CH_3COO - < 0$. Moreover the relationship between induced cholesteric pitch and substituent groups of compound (A) are: $CH_3COO - > CH_3 - > HO - > Cl$.

It can, therefore be said that selection of substituent groups of compound (A) determines what the temperature coefficient and induced cholesteric pitch will be.

References

- 1. Jpn. Kokai 80-38869.
- 2. N. Emoto, et al. 288. Japan Display '86.